Family Structure, Family Tension, and Self-Reported Marijuana Use: A Research Finding of Risky Behavior Among Youths

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College Undergraduate Ritalin Abusers in Southwestern California: Protective and Risk Factors

Audrey M. Shillington, Mark B. Reed, James E. Lange
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Research Note: Factors Associated With Skin Cleaning Prior to Injection Among Drug Users

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The Prevalence of Substance-Related Work Problems in Israel

Peter Bamberger, Mich

We used a national sample and distribution of employment to calculate the prevalence and distribution of such problems among Israeli workers. The results indicate that, across all sectors, an average of 8% of workers reported having handled or used drugs at work. The prevalence rate is particularly high in the construction and transportation sectors. The results of this study have significant implications for policy makers, employers, and employees. They suggest that substance-related work problems are not limited to specific industries but are a widespread issue.

There is increasing evidence concern in the United States (so far) that employers and policy makers are becoming aware of the problem. Moreover, in light of recent studies, the issue of drug testing as a central means to reduce substance-related problems and improve employee well-being is increasingly being addressed. Michal Biron, Management, Technion—Israel Institute of Technology, has conducted an international study on substance-related work problems and employee well-being. Michal Biron has published several articles on the issue.